#### **Surface Navy Warship Arctic Operability**



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### Outline

- Arctic Maritime Policy and Guidance
- Ship Operational Requirements, Capabilities and Ship Changes
- Operational Requirements, Capabilities and Limitations
- Cross-decked Arctic Pack Up Kit
- Operator Guidance
- Research & Development Work



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#### Arctic Maritime Policy and Guidance

2017: NORTHCOM Arctic Capabilities Based Assessment (CBA)

2017: Arctic Maritime Homeland Defense Initial Capabilities Document (ICD) approved by the Joint Requirements Oversight Council (JROC) (107-17)

2017 & forward : NDAAs require DoD identify Arctic capabilities and gaps

2018: Future Surface Combatant Force ICD (099-18)

2018: SECNAV inquiry on Surface Navy Arctic Capabilities

2018: GAO Report on Navy Capabilities in the Arctic

2019: NATO Arctic Manual ATP-17 updated (Rev E V1)

2019: CNO Strategic Outlook for the Arctic

2020: Chartered NAVSEA Arctic IPT Stood Up

2020: Arctic Maritime Homeland Defense Log ICD approved by J8 (043-20)

2021: Department of the Navy Blueprint for a Blue Arctic



"Naval Forces : The Department will evaluate and modernize existing and future forces to provide manned and unmanned operational presence and patrol options in cold weather and icediminished Arctic waters."



### DDG 51 Operational Requirements

- 28°F water temperature
- 10°F air temperature for HVAC
- 100 knot beam wind
- 7.5 lb/ft<sup>2</sup> topside ice loading



### DDG 51 Arctic Operability Capability Tiers



Arctic Capability Tier	Ship Change	Time of Year	Requirement
	Existing capability (no changes)	Late Summer (3 Months)	28°F Water , 10°F Air 7.5 lb/ft² topside ice load
1	Low Impact - temporary ship changes accomplished pier-side prior to Arctic operations	Late Summer (3 Months)	28°F Water , 10°F Air 7.5 lb/ft2 topside ice load
2	Medium Impact –Technology insertion/ship changes during maintenance availability	Late Spring to Early Fall (4-6 Months)	28°F Water , 10°F Air 7.5 lb/ft2 topside ice load
3	High Impact - Ice strengthening for new construction only (structural modifications)	Spring to Winter (6-12 Months)	28°F Water , 10°F Air 7.5 lb/ft2 topside ice load

# Adding Capability by Tiers





#### **Tier 1 (low impact) Temporary Changes**

• Cross-decked Arctic Pack Up Kit







### Cross-decked Arctic Pack Up Kit

- OPNAV N96 Office of Naval Research (ONR) sponsored study by Naval Surface Warfare Center Carderock
- Input from NATO allies as well as partner navies (Finland & New Zealand)
- Interviews of CO/XO of USS PORTER (DDG 78), USS JAMES E. WILLIAMS (DDG 95) and USS NORMANDY (CG 60) post-Arctic ops
- Input from US Coast Guard and Arctic Submarine Lab
- Working Group (DESRON 60, C6F, USFF, SURFOR, NAVSUP, DLA, Natick Lab, NAVSEA PMS 443 and PMS 339, Technical Warrant Holders, NSWC, MSC, USCG)
- Input from NAVSEA-sponsored Gibbs & Cox study assessing commercial shipping, and oil & natural gas industry best practices and lessons learned
- Input from SURFLANT N41, USS MASON (DDG 87) and USS ROOSEVELET (DDG 80) on kit content and shipboard temporary stowage locations (fore peak, empty paint lockers, etc.)
- ONR sponsored assessment of *prototype* kit in 2022
- TYCOM management of pre-positioned cross-decked kits

## Kit Component Examples

- Fire Resistant Environmental Ensemble clothing (PPE)
- Night vision binoculars for ice detection
- High intensity search lights
- Lithium batteries (rated to -40 degrees F)
- Portable de-icing steam lances

- In-port over the side ice management bubblers
- RHIB engine lube oil heaters
- Portable space heaters
- Traction mats

### **Prototype Kit Operational Assessment**

#### Ice Free Zone

 DDG 51 inherent capabilities will be stressed by extreme cold conditions and topside icing

## Marginal Ice Zone – 20% coverage of first year ice + extreme cold conditions

- Adds assessment of ice management bubblers
- Pursuing collaboration with USCG and the navies of Denmark, Norway, Canada, New Zealand

#### Adding Capability by Tiers

#### Tier 2 (medium impact) Technology Insertion

- HVAC system modifications increased heater rating
- Interior hull insulation in berthing spaces
- Piping trace heating
- Winterization of topside weapons/sensors
- Sea chest heating/compressed air blow out
- Propeller blade change out

#### Adding Capability by Tiers

Tier 3 (high impact) Ice Strengthening, for new construction ships only

- Increase shell plate thickness
- Decrease longitudinal stiffener spacing
- Decrease transverse frame spacing
- Modify transom geometry to reduce astern ice going power requirements

## **Operator Guidance**

- OPNAVINST 3120.32D/SORM
  - Section 6.6.3 Cold Weather Bill
  - Section 6.3.9 Amphibious Aviation and Air Capable Ships Aviation Operations Procedures Bill
- NATO ATP-17E V1
  - Naval Arctic Manual
- Damage Control Book Guidance
  - Chapter IIa, Stability and Buoyancy
  - Effects of Topside Icing
- Ship Information Book Guidance
  - Chapter C, Operator Guidance (Heavy Weather)
  - Ice-Going Operational Guidance
    - Speed and turning in ice-diminished waters
      - Ice Thickness
      - Concentration of Coverage





OPNAVINST 3120.321

Standard Organization and Regulations Manual (SORM)



#### Operator Guidance

- US Navy Cold Weather Handbook for Surface Ships
- Integrated Fleet Weather Center Norfolk – US National Ice Center ship MOVREP support (Optimum Track Ship Routing)
- Pre-underway check list to include drain and isolate sea water/fresh water risers near the shell, etc.
- Kit component familiarization
- Ship Mobility



#### **Sea Route Products**

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Northern Sea Route

past and along the current ice







The Northwest Passage remains open along the southernmost track as of 13 SEP 2019, 40% ice concentration near King William Island (1) is positioned only 14 nautical miles fram e coast. The minimum Arctic ice extent is expected to occur in the next few weeks, as we are starting to see new ice form in the northern part of the Canadian Archipelage The grey shaded area contains waters with less than 40% ice concentration which is navigable by an ice hardened vessel unescorted. e white shaded area contains waters with 40% or greater ice concentration



#### Operator Guidance

- Tailored medical training
- Navigation, Seamanship & Shiphandling Training
  - Conning Officer Trainer
  - Integrated Navigation Team Trainer
  - Available from NATO allies
- OPNAV N3/N5 Exchange Officer Program
- Additional Operator Guidance required for C4I, boat launch, handling and recovery, topside sensors and weapons, UNREP, SATNAV, marine mammal avoidance, unmanned systems, flight ops, etc.

#### Research & Development Work

- Anti-icing topside coatings (steel, aluminum and PCMS tiles)
- Sea ice detection in fog (passive millimeter wave imaging sensor/ ice detection software)
- Structural modifications for *new construction* ships
- Topside ice accumulation prediction and detection
- Ice-phobic RF energy transparent SPY array covers
- Durable seal/gasket elastomer material
- Artificial Intelligence-enabled collision avoidance Operator Decision Aid





#### Summary

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## Questions and Discussion



#### Contact Information

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### Back Up

#### Russian Navy Icebreaker – Ivan Papanin

- Strengthened & reinforced hull
- Vessel length of approximately 110m and width of 20m
- Displacement 8,5000t to accommodate 60 crew members & an additional 50 members
- Speed of up to 16k and range of up to 6,000 miles
- Operate in the Arctic zone for up to 60 days
- Navigation capability through 1.5m-thick sea ice crusts
- Heavily armed





### Russian Cruiser Marshal Ustinov





#### **Tailored Support Products**





TEAM, EXCELLENCE, RESPECT